## THE HIERARCHY OF MONITORING NEEDS

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#### What does it all mean?

#### mon·i·tor

transitive verb \'mä-nə-tər\

to watch, keep track of, or check usually for a special purpose

http://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/monitor

#### Monitoring vs. Alerting





#### Why do we monitor?





## Analysis

## Resolution

#### Thinking Strategically



#### The Hierarchy



#### Survival

**The Critical Health Check** 

- Do we have reliable backups?
- Can we **query** the instance?
- Are we running **out** of space?



## The Emergency Survival Pack

- Monitor msdb.dbo.backupset
  - Backup locations
  - Backup success
- Service uptime
  - Powershell
  - Linked Server quer
- Space
  - Xp\_fixeddrives
  - CLR code
  - Powershell



#### Demo – Survival Kit

#### Knowledge

The business knows

- When can we be **down**? When can we be **up**?
- How fast is **fast**? What's too **slow**?
- Who do we turn to for **help**?



### Knowledge

- The business knows what's important:
  - Level of uptime (how close to 100%?)
  - Performance requirements
  - When do I need to get up?
- Establish your Service Level Agreements(SLAs)

#### Three Kings

#### **Availability**

Hours of operation Uptime requirements Recovery Point Objective(RPO) Recovery Time Objective (RTO) Maintenance Windows

#### Performance

Query Response Time Index and Statistics Maintenance Blocking Process Resolution

#### Support

Response Hours and Times
Ticket management
Service tiers
Issue prioritization
Maintenance Windows

#### Service Tiers



- Determine your support levels
- Set reasonable expectations
- Break it down
  - Business Critical (24X7X365)
  - Extended Support
  - Business Hours
  - Define Response Times

#### Direction

#### **Translating to Tech-speak**

- What can be measured?
- How do we define what's important to us and the business?
- The business requirements become metrics to monitor.



#### Where do we start?



#### A Starting Point

- Up to you, as the expert to determine what's important.
- Establish initial thresholds and windows
  - Page Life Expectancy
  - Logical Connections
  - Batch Requests
  - SQL Compilations/Re-Compilations
  - TempDB usage
  - Query Stats

- Disk Throughput
- Database and Table Size
- CPU Utilization
- Memory Usage
- Backup/Maintenance Length
- Failed Logins



#### Actualization

**From What to How** 

- What's available to us?
- How specific do we need to be?
- Two paths are available.
- Out of the Box
- Off the Shelf



#### Out of the Box

## Tools included with SQL Server

Dynamic Management Objects (DMOs/DMVs)

Wait Stats

SQL Agent

Performance Monitor (Perfmon)

SQL Server Audit

Powershell

Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI)

### Off The Shelf

#### What's great!

- Vendors have done all the work!
- Most everything is covered!
- Pre-built reports and alerts!

#### What's not so great...

Must be configured for your environment... Range from system wide to very specific... It's additional cost...

# Evaluate

#### Watching From A Distance



### Understanding

You Are Here

- How accurate are the metrics?
- How good are the thresholds?
- Now we see how healthy our databases are.



#### Baselines



### Benchmarking

- Artificial stress
- Create load and measure your thresholds
  - HammerDB
  - DVDStore
  - SQLIO
  - IOMETER

#### Demo - HammerDB

#### Prediction

We're here, how do we get there?

- Review our current benchmarks
- Analyze the trends and patterns
- Plan based on the information



#### Patterns



- More than just database statistics, system statistics
- Some metrics could tell you many things
- Correlate your events and statistics.

#### Wrapping up



#### Resources

- The Ten Commandments of SQL Server Monitoring Adam Machanic (<u>https://www.simple-talk.com/sql/database-administration/the-ten-commandments-of-sql-server-monitoring/</u>)
- Glenn Berry's DMV script
- Disk Space CLR Tara Kizer

(http://weblogs.sqlteam.com/tarad/archive/2007/12/18/60435.aspx)

Hammer DB

(http://hammerora.sourceforge.net/)



# HUH?

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